



Edmondsley Primary School Curriculum Map: Years 4 and 5 Cycle A

Red Text = Theme

Purple Text = Links to specific topics/themes which will prepare children for the experiences of later life in modern Britain and particular needs identified for children who attend Edmondsley Primary School.

l l	Autumn Spring Summer						
	Auti	umn	Spr	ing	Sun	nmer	
TOPIC	Fantastical Beasts and Where to Find Them	One Continent, Many Countries	Extreme Earth	The Terrifying Tudors	Take Off!	Across the pond	
Hook into Learning	Discovery of a dragon Egg	A 'flight' to a European destination	Life Centre Visit – Museum	Art Gallery Visit – Tudor Art	Bird of prey sanctuary visit	Cowboy Day	
Writing across the curriculum	Diary entry Wanted poster	Travel brochure Religious story retell	Explanation Instructions	Newspaper Diary entry	Artist biography Descriptive writing	Discussion texts Poetry	
History	Mythological Creatures 1. Develop use of appropriate subject terminology, such as: empire, civilisation, monarch 2. Describe some of the similarities and differences between different periods, e.g. social, belief, local, individual 3. Begin to offer explanations about why people in the past acted as they did	Europe 1. Record knowledge and understanding in a variety of ways, using dates and key terms appropriately 2. Suggest where we might find answers to questions considering a range of sources 3. Understand that knowledge about the past is constructed from a variety of sources	Natural disasters Select sources independently and give reasons for choices 2. Begin to offer explanations about why people in the past acted as they did Record knowledge and understanding in a variety of ways, using dates and key terms appropriately 2. Suggest where we might find answers to questions considering a range of sources	Tudor Britain 1. Understand that the past is represented & interpreted in different ways and give reasons for this 2. Offer explanations why people in the past acted as they did 3. Show understanding of some of the similarities and differences between different periods. 4. Understand that knowledge is constructed differently.	Tobias and the Angel 1. Describe some of the similarities and differences between different periods, e.g. social, belief, local, individual 2. Develop use of appropriate subject terminology, such as: empire, civilisation, monarch	The USA 1. Locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on North and South America. 2. Compare and contrast their environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics, countries, and major cities 3. Identify the position and significance geographical features.	
Geography	1. Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied 2. Locate places on a range of maps (variety of scales) 3. Follow a route on a large scale map	1. Understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a region of the United Kingdom and a region in a European country. 2. Locate Europe on a large scale map or globe, 3. Name and locate countries in Europe (including Russia) and their capitals cities	1. Describe and understand key aspects of physical geography, including: mountains, volcanoes and earthquakes, and the water cycle features (including hills, mountains, coasts and rivers), understand how these aspects have changed 2. Begin to use atlases to find out other information 3. Use maps, atlases, globes and digital mapping to locate countries and describe features studied	Draw a variety of thematic maps based on their own data Draw a sketch map using symbols and a key. Name and locate counties and cities of the United Kingdom	Compare and contrast their environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics, countries, and major cities. Follow a route on a large scale map	Give reasons why some events, people or developments are seen as more significant than others Describe and begin to make links between main events, situations and changes within and across different periods and societies Locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on Central and North America.	





















	Eumonusiey Pilinary School					
	Pneumatics operated	Food from around Europe	Papier Mache volcanoes	Tudor houses 1. Generate innovative	Collage wings 1. Know how to	<u>Dreamcatchers</u> 1. use research and
	mechanisms	1. Carry out	1. apply their	ideas, drawing on	reinforce/strengthen a	develop design
	1. use research and	research, using	understanding of how	research	3D framework 2.	criteria to inform
	develop design	surveys,	to strengthen, stiffen	2. Make design	Know that a 3D	the design of
	criteria to inform	2. Identify the	and reinforce more	decisions, taking	textiles product can be	innovative,
	the design of	needs, wants,	complex structures	account of	made from a	functional,
	innovative,	preferences and	2. Understand how to	constraints such as	combination of fabric	appealing
	functional,	values of	use learning from	time, resources and	2. Measure, mark out,	2. products that are fit
	appealing products	particular	science and maths to	cost	cut and shape	for purpose, aimed
	that are fit for	individuals and	help design and make	3. Develop prototypes	materials and	at particular
≥	purpose, aimed at particular	groups	products that work	4. investigate and	components with	individuals or
တ်	individuals or	3. Develop a simple	3. Know that materials	analyse a range of	some accuracy	groups
2	groups	design	have both functional	existing products	3. Assemble, join and	3. generate, develop,
E	2. generate, develop,	specification to	properties and	5. Evaluate their ideas	combine materials	model and
S	model and	guide their	aesthetic qualities 4. Know that materials	and products	and components with	communicate their
μĔ	communicate their	thinking	can be combined and	against their own	some accuracy apply	ideas through
70	ideas through	4. How to prepare	mixed to create more	design criteria and consider the views	a range of finishing techniques	discussion, annotated sketches,
Ě	discussion,	and cook a	useful characteristics	of others to improve	*	4. cross-sectional and
 	annotated sketches,	variety of		their work	4. Identify the strengths and weaknesses of	exploded diagrams,
Design and Technology	cross-sectional and	predominantly		6. Understand how	their ideas and	prototypes, pattern
N N	exploded diagrams,	savoury dishes		key events and	products	pieces and
کّ	prototypes, pattern	safely and		individuals in	5. Consider the views of	computer-aided
	pieces and	hygienically		design and	others, including	design
	computer-aided	including, the use		technology have	intended users, to	
	design	of a heat source		helped shape the	improve their work	
	3. understand and use	5. Use a range of		world	6. Refer back to their	
	mechanical systems	techniques			design criteria as they	
	in their products	teciniques			design and make	
					7. Use their design	
					criteria to evaluate	
					their completed	
					products	
	Clay modelling	Painting - Spanish	Printing – Volcano	Portraits - Hans	Collage - Tobias and	Watercolour –
	1. create sketch books to record their	artists 1. Use a variety of	Art 1. Select and develop	Holbein 1. create sketch books	the Angel Develop	American landscape paintings
	observations and	brushes and	ideas confidently,	to record their	artistic/visual	1. Develop artistic/visual
	use them to review	experiment with	using suitable	observations and	vocabulary to	vocabulary to discuss
	and revisit ideas	ways	materials	use them to review	discuss work	work
		2. of marking with	confidently	and revisit ideas	Select and develop	2. Introduce perspective,
E E	art and design	them	Investigate working	2. improve mastery of	ideas confidently,	fore/back and middle
<u> </u>	techniques	3. Develop shadows	on canvas	art and design	using suitable	ground
ĕ	including drawing,	4. Show total qualities	experiment with	techniques	materials	Develop watercolour
Art and Design	painting and	using cross	colour in creating	including drawing,	confidently	techniques
שַ	sculpture with a	hatching,	an effect	painting and	Begin to explore	4. Explore using limited
ਰ	range of materials	1 '	3. Blend two colours	sculpture with a	possibilities, using	colour palettes
+	3. Develop confidence	sidestrokes, use of	when printing	range of materials	, and the second	5. Investigate working
₹	working with clay		4. Create a collage	6. Use the work of	different styles and	on canvas experiment
	adding greater	draw/highlight	using fabric as a	artists to replicate	techniques	with colour in creating
		6. Use the work of	base	ideas or inspire	4. Investigate ways of	an effect
	4. Add colour once	1	5. Develop individual	own work	changing fabrics –	
	clay is dried	ideas or inspire own	and group collages,		sewing, ,ironing,	
	5. Investigate ways of	work	working on		cutting, tearing,	
	joining clay		a range of scales		creasing, knotting.	
Ŋ	Animals	Forces	Properties of	Electricity	Sound	Living things
Science	(including		changing			and their
<u>@</u> .	humans)		materials			habitats
Sc			1,1,2,3,14,0			
III	1	1	İ	1	1	1





















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		Describe simple functions of the basic parts of the digestive system in humans (Peer teach then explore individual questions children have) Identify types of teeth in humans and their functions Comparison of the teeth of herbivores and carnivores Construct and interpret a variety of food changes identifying producers, predators and prey (Vary living things involved) Recognise that living things can be grouped in a variety of ways (Focus on animals) Explore and use classification keys to help group, identify and name a variety of living things in their local and wider environment (Focus on plants)	Explain that unsupported objects fall towards the Earth because of the force of gravity acting between the Earth and the falling object (Gravity experiment) Identify the effects of air resistance (Air resistance in the nature eg/ seeds, leaves falling, flying animals) Water resistance (Boat design) Friction (Pulling an object on different surfaces) Levers (Test on mass of objects/ distance from fulcrum) Pulleys (To raise an object vertically) Gears (Gears to change the direction of movement)	Compare and group together everyday materials on the basis of their properties, including their hardness, solubility, transparency, conductivity (electrical and thermal), and response to magnets (Focus on varying materials/ properties decided by children) Know that some materials will dissolve in liquid to form a solution, and describe how to recover a substance from a solution (Test materials dissolving to form a solution) Use knowledge of solids, liquids and gases to decide how mixtures might be separated, including through filtering, sieving and evaporating (Test a variety of materials/ separating techniques decided by children) Give reasons, based on evidence from comparative and fair tests, for the particular uses of everyday materials, including metals, wood and plastic (Testing materials for flexibility/ hardness)	Identify common appliances that run on electricity (Link to power plants and sources of electricity) Construct a simple series electrical circuit, identifying and naming its basic parts, including cells, wires, bulbs, switches and buzzers (Peer teach) Identify whether or not a motor turn on in a simple series circuit, based on whether or not the lamp is part of a complete loop with a battery Recognise that a switch opens and closes a circuit and associate this with whether or not a lamp turns on in a simple series circuit Recognise some common conductors and insulators, and associate metals with being good conductors Vary choice of materials Open experiment with hypothesis	Identify how sounds are made, associating some of them with something vibrating Recognise that vibrations from sounds travel through a medium to the ear (Experiment on travelling through water) Find patterns between the pitch of a sound and features of the object that produced it (Using elastic bands instruments) Find patterns between the volume of a sound and the strength of the vibrations that produced it (Beating a drum) Recognise that sounds get fainter as the distance from the sound source increases (Making ear muffs) Design an instrument to create a certain volume Raising/ answering questions based on individual observations of animas and what they have found out about other animals they have researched	Recognise that environments can change and that this can sometimes pose dangers to living things. (Negative/ positive ideas generated by children then focus closely on 1 negative and 1 positive) Negative: population and development,) Describe the life process of reproduction in some plants and animals. (Vary animals looked at) Describe the differences in the life cycles of a mammal, an amphibian, an insect and a bird (Vary animals looked at) Describe the changes as humans develop to old age Research gestation periods of animals and comparing length/mass of baby as it grows to humans (Vary animals compared)
-6	Year 4	Week 1ible, -ibly, able, -ably Week 2ful, -fully, -ally, -ically Week 3 - Homophones Week 4 - Homophones Week 5 - Near homophones Week 6 - Near homophones	Week 7 - ation, cian, Week 8 - tion, sion Week 9 - Plural apostrophes Week 10 - sure, ture Week 11 cious Week 12tious	Week 13ent, -ant Week 14 - sc a s s Week 15 - sh as ch eg. chef, machine Week 16 - gue, que as in league, antique Week 17 - ous Week 18 - k spelt as ch	Week 19 - Suffixes - ly Week 20 - Suffixes - ly when root word ends in vowel Week 21 - Suffixes - ally when added to ic Week 22 - Prefixes - un, dis, mis Week 23 - Prefixes - anti, auto, re Week 24 - Prefixes - suffixes - suffixes - suffixes - suffixes - suffixes - super, under	Week 25 - Soft c, soft g Week 26 - ou as 'u' eg, young, double, touch Week 27 - Prefixes - im, in, ir (double constants) Week 28 - Prefixes sub, inter Week 29 - i spelt as 'y' not on ends of words eg, gym Week 30 - Prefixes - in, im	Week 31 and 32- Double consonant words when adding suffixes Week 33 - Unusual plurals and possessive apostrophes Week 34ure, -or, Week 35 - ei, ey, eigh Week 36 - ei, ey, eigh
	Year 5	Week 1 - ough/ou/ow Week 2 - ur/ir/er Week 3 - air/are/ear Week 4 - homophones Week 5 - ei after c Week 6 - nouns/ adjectives to verbs using -ate, -ise, ify	Week 7 - soft c Week 8 - soft g Week 9 - unusual plurals Week 10 - short vowel doubling Week 11 - double consonant words Week 12 - or/ore/oor/aw	Week 13 -tion, sion Week 14 -ssion, -cian Week 15 - ous, ious Week 16 -al Week 17 -ary Week 18 - ful	Week 19able, -ible Week 20 our Week 21 - Spells words with the (ee) sound spelt ei after c Week 22 - ar Week 23 - Converts nouns or adjectives into verbs using suffixes (e.gate, - ice th)	Week 25able, -ably Week 26 - double consonant Week 27 - ibly, ible Week 28 - ei and ie Week 29 - augh, eigh Week 30 - tial and cial	Week 31 - ai, ee, ie, oe, ue Week 32 - silent letters Week 33 - ir, ur, er Week 34 - or, aw, au, ore Week 35 - ant, ance/ancy Week 36 - tion, sion, cian





















Reading		 Reads a range of texts with fluency, understanding and expression Talks about books read, offering opinions and synopsises, sometimes with prompts needed Retrieves and records information from nonfiction texts Begins to draw inferences, such as characters' thoughts, feelings and motives from their actions Summarises main points of stories in fiction and information from non-fiction within a paragraph Recognises the purpose, form and audience of a text Identifies and comments on author viewpoints Begins to read a range of different forms of poetry Begins to prepare readings to be presented to audiences 		Reads a range of texts with fluency, understanding and expression selecting the most effective strategy Reads further Common Exception Words Talks about books read, offering opinions and synopsises Expands and explains answers to questions based on texts read Makes reference to texts when answering questions Justifies inferences with evidence Picks out vocabulary and phrases used for impact and effect Identifies main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph and can summarise these Predicts what might happen from details stated and implied Names some key children's authors Reads aloud with increasing confidence Chooses books based on knowledge of author, text type and purpose of reading		Reads most words effortlessly at a speaking pace Uses knowledge of phonics, root words, suffixes and prefixes to determine pronunciation and meaning of unfamiliar words Reads all Common Exception Words noting unusual differences between spelling and sound and where these occur in words Talks confidently about a wide range of books read, retelling narratives, summarising information and offering opinions Talks about themes and conventions when discussing books Understands the different reasons for reading – for pleasure to find information etc. Uses the structure of books to navigate around texts Selects books based on own reading experiences and preferences Talks widely about known authors and their lives and books they have written Reads independently with sustained concentration	
	Grammar	Fronted adverbials Pronouns Word families Questions and commands Identifying adjectives, verbs and adverbs Verb tenses past and present perfect Articles Prepositions	Conjunctions Fronted adverbials Verb tenses past present and future Past tenses – was, were Pronouns and possessive pronouns Adverbial phrases Identifying nouns and verbs	Subordinate clauses Relative pronouns Commas for fronted adverbials Identifying adjectives, verbs and nouns Time conjunctions Commands/statements/qu estions Verb tenses – Present perfect	Subordinate clauses Verb tenses – Present perfect Identifying adverbs Adverbial phrases Time conjunctions	Conjunctions Prepositions Subordinate connectives Commas for fronted adverbials Verb tenses – past, present, future	Conjunctions Verb tenses, continuous, present perfect, future Descriptive phrases Identifying connectives, nouns and Verbs Prepositions
	Punctuati on	Apostrophes for possession (including plural) Commas in lists Inverted commas Capital letters Prefixes – auto, mis	Apostrophes for possession (including plural) Inverted commas Capital letters for proper nouns Plural and 's possession	Apostrophes for contraction Singular/plural	Apostrophes for possession Question/exclamation marks Prefixes – auto, inter,	Rules of inverted commas Capital letters and full stops Commas in lists Use of exclamation marks Root words from families	Rules of inverted commas Apostrophes for singular/plural Capital letters for proper nouns Commas for clauses Prefixes – anti, dis, mis,
	Vocab	Suffixes – ful, less, ment, ful	Prefixes – auto, super, mis, dis	Suffixes – ous Determiners	dis, super Singular/plural verbs (is/are) Determiners	Prefixes – un, dis Verb choices	super Singular/plural Verb tenses – was/were, did/done
Writing	Writing Process	Use pronouns and nouns within and across sentences to aid cohesion and flow in independent writing Proof reads for spelling, grammar and punctuation errors then self-corrects as the writing develops		Attempts to make simple links between paragraphs Plans effectively for a range of writing Decisions about writing are based on awareness of audience and purpose Proposes changes to grammar and vocabulary to improve consistency Reads aloud their own writing to a group or the whole class, using appropriate intonation and controls the tone and volume so that meaning is clear		Creates effective and well-described settings, characters and plot in narrative writing Writes non-fiction using appropriate organisational devices Organises paragraphs around a theme and 'sticks' to that theme Explore genres similar to that which they are planning to write, discussing its structure, vocabulary and grammar Assesses the effectiveness of their own and others' writing and suggests improvements	
	Genre	Non-fiction; Explanation Linked to Fantastical Beasts and Where to Find Them. Narrative; Traditional Tales – Beowulf Linked to Fantastical Beasts and Where to Find Them Narrative; Descriptive Writing; Gothic Tale Linked to Fantastical Beasts and Where to Find Them.	Narrative; Stories with familiar settings – Suspense and mystery – The Football Shirt Poetry: Christmas Linked to One Continent Many Countries Narrative; Take One Book – One week whole school focus	Poetry: concrete descriptive poems linked to Extreme Earth Non-fiction; Recount linked to Extreme Earth Narrative; Stories with a dilemma linked to Extreme Earth	Narrative; fiction from our literature heritage; Romeo and Juliet - Linked to The Terrifying Tudors Non-fiction; Report Linked to The Terrifying Tudors	Non-fiction; Instructions Linked to Take Off Narrative; fiction adventure stories; Linked to Take Off Poetry; Linked to Take Off	Non-fiction; Persuasion Linked to Across The Pond Non-fiction; Newspaper Report Linked to Across The Pond Non-fiction; Discussion Linked to Across The Pond





















Number Place Value

- count in multiples of 6, 7. 9. 25 and 1000
- find 1000 more or less than a given number
- count backwards through zero to include negative numbers
- recognise the place value of each digit in a four-digit number (thousands hundreds
- tens, and ones order and compare numbers beyond 1000
- identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representatio
- round any number to the nearest 10, 100 or 1000
- solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above and with increasingly large positive numbers
- read Roman numerals to 100 (I to C) and know that over time, the numeral

system changed to include the

Number-Multiplication and

- Division count in multiples of 6. 7.9.25 and 1000
- recall multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to 12 × 12
- use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally, including: multiplying by 0 and 1; dividing by 1; multiplying together three numbers
- identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number. and common factors of two numbers
- know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (nonprime) numbers
- establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to
- multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts

Measurementestors

Length and PEOPLE

Number multiplication and division

- recall multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to 12 × 12
- recognise and use factor pairs commutativity in mental calculations
- multiply twodigit and threedigit numbers by a one-digit number using formal written layout
- solve problems involving multiplying and adding, including using the distributive law to multiply two digit numbers by one digit, integer scaling problems and harder correspondence problems such as n objects are connected to m objects.

Measurement -Area and volume

find the area of rectilinear shapes by counting squares

Fractions

- recognise and show, using diagrams, families of common equivalent fractions
- compare and order fractions

Fractions

- solve problems involving increasingly harder fractions to calculate quantities, and fractions to divide quantities, including nonunit fractions where the answer is a whole number
- add and subtract fractions with the same denominator

Decimals

- count up and down in hundredths; recognise that hundredths arise when dividing an object by one hundred and dividing tenths by ten.
- recognise and write decimal equivalents of any number of tenths or hundredths
- find the effect of dividing a one- or twodigit number by 10 and 100, identifying the value of the digits in the answer as ones, tenths and hundredths
- read and write decimal numbers as fractions [for

example, 0.71 = 100 Eco-School

Decimals

- recognise and write decimal eauivalents to one quarter, one half, three quarters
- round decimals with one decimal place to the nearest whole number
- compare numbers with the same number of decimal places up to two decimal places
- Measurement Money
- estimate, compare and calculate different measures, including money in pounds an pence
- round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number and to one decimal place
- order and compare numbers with up to three decimal places solve problems

read, write,

- involving number up to three decimal places Time
- Convert between different units of measure [for example, kilometre to metre; hour to minute]
- read, write and convert time between analogue and digital 12and 24-hours

Geometry Properties of Shape

- compare and classify geometric shapes, including quadrilaterals and triangles, based on their properties and sizes
- identify acute and obtuse angles and compare and order angles up to two right angles by size
- identify lines of symmetry in 2-D shapes presented in different orientations
- complete a simple symmetric figure with respect to a specific line of symmetry.
- identify 3-D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, 2-D representations
- know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare acute. obtuse and reflex angles
- draw given angles, and measure them in degrees (o)
- identify: angles at a point and one whole turn (total 360o)
- identify: angles at a point on a straighttin

Geometry Position and Direction

describe

- concept of zero and place
- Perimeter Convert between
- denominators are all multiples of
 - use
- recognise and involving
 - solve problems

clocks

positions on a 2-D arid as

Maths





Computing

True or False

- I can find content from the world wide web using a web browser.
- I can navigate the web and can carry out simple web searches to collect digital content.
- I know what is acceptable and unacceptable behaviour when using technologies and online services
- I can show use of computers safely and responsibly, knowing a range of ways to report unacceptable content and contact when online.

Sensing and Logging

- I know that all software executed on digital devices is programmed
- I know that a range of digital devices can be considered a computer.
- I know and can use a range of input and output devices.
- I know that computers collect data from various input devices, including sensors and application software.

Chatter Bots

- I can create programs that implement algorithms to achieve given goals.
- I can declare and assign variables.
- I can use sequence of selection statements in programs, including an if, then and else statement
- I can designs solutions (algorithms) that use repetition and two-way selection i.e. if, then and else.
- I can use diagrams to express solutions.
- I can use logical reasoning to predict outputs, showing an awareness of inputs.

Games Maker

- I can create programs that implement algorithms to achieve given goals.
- I can declare and assign variables.
- I can use posttested loops e.g. 'until', and a sequence of selection statements in programs, including an if, then and else statement.
- I can make appropriate improvements to solutions based on feedback received, and can comment on the success the solution.
- I know different types of data: text, number.

Interactive Adventures

- I can collect, organise and present data and information in digital content.
- I can create digital content to achieve a given goal through combining software packages and internet services to communicate with a wider audience.
- I can designs solutions (algorithms) that use repetition and two-way selection i.e. if, then and else.
- I can use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of programs.

Digital Director

- I can create digital content to achieve a given goal through combining software packages and internet services to communicate with a wider audience.
- I can make appropriate improvements to solutions based on feedback received, and can comment on the success the solution.
- I can make judgements about digital content when evaluating and repurposing it for a given audience.
- I know the audience when I am designing and creating digital content.
- I know the potential of information technology for collaboration

<u>New</u> Beginnings

- I know how to join a group.
- I understand why we need to have different rules in different places.
- I can give and accept a compliment.
- I can tell you how unique and special I am.
- I can manage my feelings & usually find a way to calm myself down when necessary.
- I can think of ways to solve a problem in my friendship group.
- Understand what positively and negatively affects my physical mental and emotional health (including media) Stand alone.

Relationships

- I know the difference between family, friends and others I know
- I know how people feel if they lose something or someone they love.
- I can explain the feelings of guilt and feeling ashamed.
- I can predict how I will feel in a new situation.
- I know how to make a good choice over a bad choice.
- I can make important people in my life feel valued.
- To recognise and manage dares.

Going for goals

- I know what I need to improve to be a better learner.
- I can set myself a challenging goal to improve my learning skills.
- I can make a personal long-term plan and break it down into smaller, achievable goals.
- I can recognize when I find learning difficult and persevere when I need to.
- I can make a choice about what to do based upon my predictions of the likely consequences.
- I can make a choice based upon my predictions of the likely consequences.

Good to be me

- I can tell you when I am impulsive and when I think things through.
- I can tell whether I like surprises or like things to stay the same.
- I understand why we sometimes run away or feel frightened when we feel threatened.
- I can use strategies to help me deal with disappointment.
- I can express myself assertively in a variety of ways.
- I can stop and think before I act when I have negative feelings.

Getting on and falling out

- I can understand and use peaceful problem solving.
- I can see a situation from another person's perspective.
- I can take on a role in the group and contribute to overall outcome.
- I can use peaceful problem solving to sort out difficulties.
- To recognise and challenge stereotypes
- To recognise when and how to ask for help to resist pressures to do something dangerous, unhealthy or things which makes me feel uncomfortable.

Changes

- I know that change can be really good and can tell you about some changes that have made our lives better.
- I can tell you how I would feel if a change that I didn't want happened to me.
- I can understand why people behave as they do when they are finding a change difficult.
- I know that sometimes there can be positive outcomes from changes that I didn't like at first.
- I can think about and plan to overcome obstacles when I am trying to change something.
- I understand the nature and consequences of discrimination (race, sexuality and gender).





















Swimming Swimming Swimming Swimming **Swimming** Swimming swim swim swim competently, swim · swim competently, · swim competently, confidently and confidently and competently, competently, confidently and competently, proficiently over a proficiently over a confidently and confidently and confidently and proficiently over a proficiently over a proficiently over a distance of at least 25 proficiently over a distance of at least 25 distance of at least 25 distance of at least distance of at least metres distance of at least metres metres 25 metres 25 metres Use a range of 25 metres Use a range of · Use a range of · Use a range of · Use a range of strokes effectively · Use a range of strokes effectively strokes effectively strokes effectively strokes effectively [for example, front strokes effectively [for example, front [for example, front [for example, front [for example, front crawl, backstroke and [for example, front crawl, backstroke and crawl, backstroke and crawl, backstroke crawl, backstroke breaststroke crawl, backstroke breaststroke breaststroke perform safe self-· perform safe self-Physical Education and breaststroke and breaststroke and breaststroke · perform safe self-· perform safe selfrescue in different rescue in different rescue in different rescue in different water-based Outdoor water-based water-based Dance water-based situations situations. situations Adventure develop situations Activities flexibility, strength, Gymnastics Net and Wall Athletics technique, control take part in **Invasion Games** · develop flexibility, Games · use running, and balance outdoor and strength, technique, • play competitive jumping, throwing · play competitive adventurous activity perform dances control and balance games. and catching in games. challenges both using a range of isolation and in compare their • apply basic individually and apply basic movement patterns combination performances with principles suitable within a team principles suitable for compare their develop flexibility, previous ones and for attacking and attacking and compare their performances with strength, technique, demonstrate defending defending performances with previous ones and control and balance improvement to compare their previous ones and · compare their demonstrate achieve their personal compare their performances with demonstrate performances with improvement to performances with previous ones and previous ones and achieve their improvement to previous ones and show improvement achieve their demonstrate personal best. demonstrate to achieve personal improvement to personal best. improvement to best. achieve personal best. achieve personal best. L'argent de Poche Raconte-moi une histoire Le Carnaval des animaux Names of animals Tu aimes ça? • French stories - la belle, le J'adore ça! or Je détèste prince, la méchante fée, la Dans la Forêt Lointaine haie d'épines, ouvre les Animal descriptions cα • Numbers to 30 yeux, tu dors cent ans. Quelle heure est-il? • Buying/cost of items Chef d'orchestre Adjective and verb • Le Juste Prix Numbers to 60 agreement • C'est magnifique'/C'est • French songs/nursery • Un éléphant ça trompe rhymes • Je n'ai pas de poupée. Je Verb and adjective voudrais ... une poupée agreement What is the What can we How do Hindus What do What do How and why is Religious Education worship? Advent Christians Christians significance of learn about the the 5 k's of (Visit to Mandir important to believe about remember on Christian faith Christians? through studying in Newcastle) Jesus? Palm Sunday? Sikhism? the lives of northern saints?























- Demonstrate how to play a B, A and G on the recorder. They will be able to play mostly with accuracy and follow the music notation provided, although may make some mistakes. They will make a good sound on their recorder but may make some mistakes (overblowing, fingers not quite covering the holes). They will enjoy singing with their classmates.
- Consistently make sounds on their recorder whilst playing with a high degree of accuracy. They will be demonstrating this good technique to their classmates and sing with enthusiasm.

Christmas Performance

- listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory
- Play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression.
- Play their recorder using appropriate volume and will have attempted to
- play new notes.
 They will
 understand that the
 Recorder is an
 important
 instrument in the
 history of music.
 They will listen to
 classical music and
 respond
- appropriately. • To play more challenging recorder music and be able to play the new notes. They will also be able to describe some key historical and musical points in the history of the recorder. They listen to classical music and use musical language to describe it.
- recognise and play different percussion instruments. They will be able to listen to and reproduce.
 - reproduce
 musical patterns
 and play with a
 group. They will
 work as part of a
 group creating
 their own music.
- play different percussion instruments with confidence, playing different parts as part of a group. They will be able to contribute to group compositions.
- Take part in listening to and singing pop music and respond appropriately. They will be part of the class band.
- Identify different styles of pop music. They will enjoy trying different roles in the class band.

<u>Leavers'</u> Performance

- listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory
- Play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression.















